Support of Aid In Dying
77% of respondents support access to aid in dying. After learning more about the bill, including arguments against aid in dying, support for the option increases to 81%. (EP)

Elected Leaders
- 80% of respondents overall are more likely to vote for a candidate who supports death with dignity or say it will not affect their vote.
- 66% say it makes them much more or somewhat more likely to vote for that candidate, 14% less likely.
- 5X as many people say they would be more likely to vote for a candidate who supports aid in dying as less likely.

Allowing a terminally ill, competent adult the option to request aid in dying life ending medication is strongly supported by NY State voters. Clear majorities extend across lines based on respondents' religious affiliation, level of education, political party enrollment, gender, age, and region of state. (Eagle Point)

AGE RESEARCH

18-35
In all age groups, over 72% of respondents supported aid in dying, with the highest support (80%) in the 35 to 59 age group and the lowest in the 60+ (72%).

35-59
After hearing more information about aid in dying, young people became the most supportive, with 85% in favor (compared to 79% before).

60+
Among those 60+, support for aid in dying was 76% after hearing more information.
Conservative Support

Support for aid in dying is the same in Republican Senate districts as in the state overall – 77%. The oversample of Republicans (which increased the percentage of Rs in the sample to 35% from 25%) showed the same overall support – 77%. Even among Conservative Rs, 49% would be more likely to vote for a supporter of aid in dying, and only 27% would be less likely, almost a 2:1 ratio.

Senate GOP Districts  
77%

Conservative R's  
49%

Effect on Voting  
2:1

Support By Vote History

75% of those who voted in both 2012 and 2014 support aid in dying.

64% of those who voted in both 2012 and 2014 are more likely to support a candidate who supports aid in dying versus only 17% who said it would make them less likely.

Race: African American

63  Support
23  Oppose
14  Undecided
Support By Regions of NY

In the regular survey, Over 65% of voters in all regions would be more likely to vote for someone who supported aid in dying. That number is highest in the suburbs (71%).

Over Sampling by Region

In the oversample, in every region a majority of voters said they would be more likely to vote for a candidate that supported aid in dying. 59% in NYC, 68% in the suburbs, and 62% upstate. Only 23% of those in NYC said they would be less likely, 9% in the suburbs, and 18% in upstate in NYC.

Faith Community

The only subgroup where respondents are not a clear majority are those that attend religious services more than once per week. However, only 5.4% of respondents attend services more than once per week. Because that subgroup is so small, the largest percentage of those saying "no" to aid in dying is actually the group that attends church once per week. They make up 47% of those who said "no" to aid in dying, even though they make up just 25% of the surveyed population. Yet, even among that group, 63% feel that an adult should have the option of using aid in dying life ending medication if terminally ill. Those who attend a few times a month or only on special occasions were particularly responsive to arguments in favor of aid in dying. Their support increased ~5% at the end of the poll, and their opposition did not increase.

63% of Catholic, Protestant, Jewish or Other

would be more likely to vote for someone who supported aid in dying. Among Jewish voters, 74% would be more likely to vote for a candidate that supported aid in dying.

Source: Eagle Point Strategies Survey, October 2015